



Canadian Monarchist News

Les Nouvelles Monarchiques du Canada

Special Issue - Summer/Été 2024 | No. 61

An occasional Newsletter for members & friends of The Monarchist League of Canada

The Monarchist League of Canada | La Ligue Monarchiste du Canada
PO Box 1057, RPO Lakeshore West, Oakville, ON L6K 0B2
905-855-7262 800-465-6925 www.monarchist.ca



THE MONARCHIST LEAGUE OF CANADA - 54th ANNIVERSARY 1970-2024

\$1.61

per Canadian
par Canadien

9th Edition - 9^e édition - 2021-2023

Commissioned by the Monarchist League of Canada:

Complete revision of a Survey issued triennially since 1999

Étude commandée par la Ligue monarchiste du Canada

Révision complète d'une étude publiée tous les trois ans depuis 1999

The Cost and Value of the Canadian Crown

SURVEY HIGHLIGHTS

This edition of the *COST OF CANADA'S CONSTITUTIONAL MONARCHY*, the first of His Majesty King Charles III's Reign, estimates that the general cost of the Canadian Crown in fiscal year 2022-2023 was **\$64,637,368.90 or \$1.61** per Canadian. This represents **an approximate cost per Canadian decrease of around 4.16%** from the last survey.

As The King of Canada's representative, The Governor General's Office served this country's population of 40,097,761¹ at an annual cost of **\$1.26** per person.

The total annual cost of the service of the Lieutenant Governors, and their Offices, to The King and the nation was **\$0.29** per capita.

The King's vice-regal representatives in Canada

collectively undertook approximately **3,648 engagements, both in person and virtually** in 2022-2023.

By way of comparison the Canadian Monarchy cost Canadians far less than, for example, other national institutions such as the per capita costs of the House of Commons (**\$14.30**), the Senate (**\$2.96**) the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation (**\$32.10**).

Coût et la valeur de la Couronne canadienne

FAITS SAILLANTS DE L'ÉTUDE

Cette édition du *COÛT DE LA MONARCHIE CONSTITUTIONNELLE DU CANADA*, la première du règne de Sa Majesté le roi Charles III, estime que le coût général de la Couronne canadienne pour l'exercice financier 2022-2023 était de **64 637 368,90 \$, soit 1,61 \$** par Canadien. Cela représente **une diminution approximative du coût par Canadien d'environ 4,16 %** par rapport à la dernière enquête.

En tant que représentant du roi du Canada, le Bureau du gouverneur général a servi la population de ce pays, soit 40 097 761¹ personnes, à un coût annuel de **1,26 \$** par personne.

Le coût annuel total des services des lieutenants-gouverneurs et de leurs bureaux pour le roi et la nation est de **0,29 \$** par habitant.

Les représentants vice-royaux du Roi au Canada ont collectivement

entrepris environ **3 648 engagements, à la fois en personne et virtuellement** en 2022-2023.

À titre de comparaison, la monarchie canadienne a coûté aux Canadiens beaucoup moins que, par exemple, d'autres institutions nationales telles que les coûts par habitant de la Chambre des communes (**14,30 \$**), du Sénat (**2,96 \$**) et de la Société Radio-Canada (**32,10 \$**).

¹ Population numbers are as of 1st July 2023 and are from Statistics Canada Table: 17-10-0009-01- Population Estimates, quarterly of population, Canada, provinces and territories: <https://www150.statcan.gc.ca/t1/tbl1/en/tv.action?pid=1710000901>

THE CASE FOR THE CROWN 9 Key advantages

1 NATIONAL IDENTITY, STABILITY & PRIDE: Easy travel to and from the USA, trade & military alliances and American media can muddle Canada's distinct identity. Our governance focuses loyalty via allegiance to a monarch rather than to a politician or ideology. This difference underlies our distinct culture, energetic and yet tranquil. Constitutional monarchy – the Canadian way – provides stability. This is confirmed each year in the United Nations' Human Development Index, which regularly ranks Canada high up in the countries of the world. Change is inevitable, and much of it good; political leaders also come and go. Canadians voted in 22 federal elections during The Late Queen's reign! The Crown provides constancy amidst so much change. The Sovereign has the experience of decades, without the taint of a personal agenda. Such continuity constitutes an important anchor in our society.

2 HEAD OF THE NATION VS HEAD OF GOVERNMENT: Day to day our democratically elected representatives engage in healthy partisan debate on issues about which Canadians disagree. That is good. It encourages striving for partisan goals and personal success. The Prime Minister is our head of government and leader of a political party. As such, his actions are often controversial. The Sovereign, however, is a force of unity as head of the nation, and with his team of representatives is trusted by all Canadians. The monarchy protects and exemplifies the things Canadians agree about, and which remain constant, regardless of the results of an election in a notably tolerant and mature society. By presiding at events such as The Montreal Olympics, our country's 1967 festivities and the Canada150 celebrations, our Monarch emphasizes the non-partisan, unifying nature of great national occasions.

3 GUARANTOR OF FREEDOM: Parliament – The King, the Senate, the elected Commons. No bill, regulation or spending is authorized without Royal Assent. Parliament is summoned and dissolved in The King's name. Also in his name, public officials and diplomats are appointed, treaties approved, cabinets commissioned. Normally, this is a formality. However, "the Royal Prerogative" ensures that the rule of law prevails, and provides a non-partisan, non-violent safeguard – a constitutional fire extinguisher as Alberta political scientist Frank MacKinnon has put it – should usual democratic processes ever be threatened. For example, even a popular government could not simply dispense with holding an election!

4 REFEREE OF FEDERALISM: ELEVEN CROWNS – Canada is a federal state: our Constitution gives law-making power in certain areas to Ottawa, others to

the provinces. Governments exercise this authority in the name of The King. Thus 11 Crowns exist in Canada – legally referred to as "The King in right of Canada" or "The King in right of" a province. The premiers, including the separatist René Levesque, underlined the importance of the Crown in their key 1978 Constitutional statement. Since the monarchy gives authority to each law-making entity, it also guarantees that the rule of law will be followed in dealing with disputes between Ottawa and the provinces. These facts explain the strong support by the provinces for the institution of monarchy, which reconciles regional identity with national unity.

5 OATHS: USEFUL & PERSONAL: The deepest loyalties of humans are to other human beings. Oaths are taken to The King by our new fellow Canadians, legislators, judges, CF members and many other public officials. Making their promise to the Sovereign rather than to a politician shows their ultimate loyalty is not to elected figures, but to the laws that make up the fabric of civilized society. Such Oaths underline that following the rule of law applicable to all must prevail over partisanship – acting to promote the well-being of a narrow segment of society. Oaths to The King also reflect Canada's emphasis on the importance of the person, and of the dignity and equality of each individual: the moment new citizens take the Citizenship Oath they become full members of the Canadian family. Each Canadian gives allegiance to The King, so reciprocating the Crown's decades of service to Canadians.

6 A SHARED MONARCHY: Canadians are fortunate to have as our monarch an instantly recognizable world figure. The King and members of the Royal Family link our diverse population to a far-flung Commonwealth, unique in that it seeks no military advantage. These nations – from New Guinea to Belize, from New Zealand to India – mirror the rich diversity of today's Canada. In 2010, Queen Elizabeth II flew from Toronto to New York, where she addressed the United Nations. The night before, She proudly told an Official Dinner in Toronto that "I shall be travelling from this Northern Realm as Queen of Canada". The Governor General and the Lieutenant Governors represent The King and perform most of the constitutional functions of the Sovereign in her name. This arrangement allows our country to share in the traditions of an ancient monarchy stemming out of Canada's history, while at the same time we enjoy the services of distinguished fellow citizens – think of Major-General Georges Vanier, Lincoln Alexander, David Lam and Lynda Haverstock, to name but a few – who served Crown and country with great distinction.

7 A REFLECTION OF OUR HISTORY & DEVELOPMENT: Today's monarchy stems from our history. Many of Canada's first peoples chose chieftains whose role was much like that of other leaders in ancient times. Settlement by French and British people brought to Canada their own experience of monarchy. Many subsequent immigrants have also known the monarchical system of government. In 1867, the Fathers of Confederation unanimously chose constitutional monarchy as Canada's form of government. In 1982, Canada's new Constitution entrenched the Crown so that only unanimous federal-provincial agreement could ever alter it. Parliament unanimously passing the *Succession to the Throne Act* in 2013 removed barriers of gender in determining our future monarchs.

8 COMMUNITY, VOLUNTEERISM, RECOGNITION – In their constant round of travels, The King, members of the Royal Family and his Canadian representatives bring encouragement to the communities and volunteer sectors: a vital part of our national existence. They inspire many to similar service. They create and award non-political honours to outstanding fellow citizens. These Royal and vice-regal activities do not often feature on national news programs. Opening a new library, visiting a Legion Hall, speaking to a school civics class or lunching with a local service club are not on the media's radar. But they constitute the basis of our civil society, and bring significant pride and assistance to Canada's communities.

9 A REPUBLIC = DISTRACTING & UNDESIRABLE – No one has yet proposed an alternative system of government for Canada which would in the same way reflect our nation's history and be superior to constitutional monarchy in terms of the day-to-day functioning of the Canadian state. Canadians remember the wrenching constitutional debates of the last century. Such arguments did nothing to help practical concerns: the environment, crowded classrooms, access to health care and support for single-parent and low-income families. A presidential system would make Canada more closely resemble the United States, combining the role of head of state with head of government. As our American friends re-discovered during impeachment processes in the Trump administration, this proves an unhappy combination. Alternatively, the election of a president or governor general would simply create another politician, offer another level of personal ambition, necessitate another set of elections and make the holder of that office beholden to the interests of the different factions and groups to which the result was owed.

INTRODUCTION

This report is the ninth undertaken by the Monarchist League of Canada since the project was started in 1999 and the first of King Charles III's Reign.

Since its inception, the underlying intention of this Survey has remained constant: to bring together in one place authoritative information to underline the very modest cost associated with the Canadian Crown and to highlight the thousands of constitutional, community and other engagements that the Royal Family and His Majesty's representatives across Canada carry out every year.

The Survey is also done in part in order to help silence those who, not understanding the value of the

Monarchy to our nation, critique the institution for what they sometimes call costly and unnecessary spending by the Canadian and provincial governments. These costs are often specifically raised at times of heightened national interest in the Crown, such as, sadly, during the death of Her Late Majesty Queen Elizabeth II in 2022 and the Coronation of King Charles III in 2023. However, the great majority of expenditures for Canadians, such as operating historic residences and honouring outstanding Canadians, would be incurred even if Canada were a republic.

One sentence sums up this

Survey: in its symbolism, constitutional significance and service, the Maple Crown provides good value to Canada and Canadians.

Since the League first commissioned this report, the introduction of open government initiatives and of many vice-regal offices' publishing their own annual reports has made compiling the financial information associated much easier. Moreover, the eleven vice-regal offices have always been supportive in helping provide us with, or direct us to, the information we need. Each of the offices are also given the opportunity to review their sections as well as a draft of

this Survey in order that they may suggest corrections and clarifications. However, the final responsibility for the accuracy of the Survey of course remains with the League.

While this document attempts to give an overview of many of the events and engagements in the three years since the last survey (2019-2021), Government accounts for the 2022-2023 fiscal year provide the most complete and finalised recent financial information available. Thus, these figures, together with Statistics Canada estimated population figures as of July 1 2023, are used as the general basis for this survey.

1: THE CANADIAN CROWN

The King is the personal embodiment of the Canadian State and the Crown in Canada. All authority in Canada ultimately comes from the Crown; it forms the underlying structure of the country's eleven sovereign governments based in Ottawa and the ten provincial capitals.

However, His Majesty is also Monarch of 14 other realms. Obviously, he cannot be present in each at the same time. Thus, in the Realms other than the United Kingdom, a Governor General is appointed by The Monarch to represent them and carry out many constitutional and ceremonial duties on their behalf.

In Canada, the Governor General is appointed on the advice of the Prime Minister. The Prime Minister also nominates the Lieutenant Governors for each province, whose formal appointment is by the Governor General in Council. Together they exercise the powers of the Crown on a day-to-day basis.

If there is an instance where the office of the Governor General is vacant for whatever reason, or the office holder is unable to perform their duties due to illness or other issues, The Administrator of the Government of Canada



temporarily performs Vice-Regal duties until the Governor General is able to perform their role or a vacancy has been filled once again. There are similar provisions in regard to Lieutenant Governors and their roles. The Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Canada is who usually fills the position of Administrator federally.

The daily support of the Royal Family, including living expenses, offices, travel and residences, cost Canadians nothing. These expenditures are covered by The

King personally, and/or by the British Parliament and historic estates, with the result that Canada, in common with the other realms, covers none of the day-to-day costs of the work of the Royal Family.

The only regular expenses associated with the Crown in Canada are to enable the Governor General and Lieutenant Governors to undertake their daily duties, both constitutional and ceremonial. These necessitate support for items such as security,

travel, residences, offices, entertainment, and honours.

There are two types of Royal Homecomings, the first is when The King and senior members of the Royal Family come home to Canada "on advice" – that is at the request of the Government of Canada, in order to undertake duties in the country or when representing Canada overseas. Financial support is provided by the federal and provincial governments for this type of trip. The other example of Royal Homecomings is "working visits," where apart from security assistance, the type of which would be offered to any senior official or "internationally protected person," expenses are covered by organizations, such as charities and regiments, who have invited the Royal Family member concerned.

This report mainly focuses on the costs associated with the routine maintenance of the households, offices and staff of the Governor General, and Lieutenant Governors. In sum: they are an institution at the centre the Canadian system of government, which costs little yet brings great value to the nation.

2: REGAL AND VICE-REGAL SERVICE

The number of engagements that are undertaken by members of the Royal Family and the vice-regal representatives of The King during a typical year is significant and impressive. However, due to the varying ways of each household

defines what an "engagement" is, the figures should be regarded as an approximation.

For the purposes of this Report, an "engagement" is viewed as an event, including a virtual event, attended by a member of the

Royal Family or a vice-regal representative in which they may be the host or a guest, during which they may perform varied duties ranging from giving a short speech to presiding over a lengthy ceremony.

So, while the engagement totals are approximations based on the best available information, they nonetheless help to illustrate the sheer volume of service provided by the Royal Family and vice-regals.

2.1: ENGAGEMENTS UNDERTAKEN BY THE ROYAL FAMILY INVOLVING CANADA

The last official “on advice” (requested by His Majesty’s federal Canadian government) Royal Homecoming by members of the Royal Family was in May 2022, the visit by the then Prince of Wales and the Duchess of Cornwall, (Charles and Camilla) in Celebration of Her Late Majesty’s Platinum Jubilee.

No Royal Homecoming has been announced since the

Coronation of His Majesty the King in May 2023 and with the King’s cancer diagnosis in 2024 and the reduced number of working royals, it seems unlikely that one will take place in the foreseeable future.

There have still been a number of “working visits” and other engagements, initiated by the organisations as well as various charities and elements

of the Canadian Forces. The Royal Family has also continued to find new ways engage with Canada and Canadians, even if in only a virtual capacity.

Outlined below is information on the last Royal Homecoming, Working Visits by Members of the Royal Family to Canada, as well as events involving Canada, from 2021-2023. In this time, Royal Family members undertook

approximately **112 engagements** both in person and virtually involving Canada.²

The working visits and other engagements listed provide a broad itinerary based on the information provided by the official Court Circular and other news sources.

Royal Homecomings:

2022 (24 Engagements):

May 17 2022:

• **The Prince of Wales and The Duchess of Cornwall** (Charles & Camilla): Arrived at St. John’s International Airport, Newfoundland, and Labrador, and were received by the Lieutenant Governor of Newfoundland and Labrador (Her Honour the Hon. Judy Foote). They attended an Official Welcome Ceremony at the Confederation Building, St. John’s, and were received by the Governor-General of Canada (the Rt. Hon. Mary Simon) and the Rt. Hon. Justin Trudeau MP (Prime Minister of Canada); Visited Government House, St. John’s; Visited Quidi Vidi Village, St. John’s; they then proceeded to Ottawa and were received by the Lieutenant Governor of Ontario (the Hon. Elizabeth Dowdeswell).

May 18 2022:

• **The Prince of Wales and The Duchess of Cornwall** attended a ceremony at Rideau Hall, Ottawa where The Prince of Wales was awarded the Order of Military Merit by the Governor-General of Canada (the Rt. Hon. Mary Simon). TRH then visited the National War Memorial and attended a Wreath Laying Ceremony; Visited the Assumption of the Blessed Virgin Ukrainian Orthodox Cathedral; Visited ByWard Market, Ottawa; Visited Assumption School and were received by the Lieutenant Governor of Ontario); Visited the Royal Canadian Mounted Police Stables and viewed the Musical Ride in the Prince of Wales’ capacity as Honorary Commissioner.

• **The Prince of Wales** in his role as President, The Prince’s Trust Canada, attended a Reception at the Royal Canadian Geographical Society; Received the Rt. Hon. Justin Trudeau MP (Prime Minister of Canada) at Rideau Hall; Attended a Sustainable Finance Meeting

at the John G. Diefenbaker Building.

• **The Prince of Wales and The Duchess of Cornwall** attended a Meeting with the Governor-General of Canada and Mr. Whit Fraser at Rideau Hall; then attended a Platinum Jubilee Reception given by the Governor-General of Canada at Rideau Hall.

May 19 2022:

• **The Prince of Wales and The Duchess of Cornwall** visited the Dene Community in Dettah and were received by the Premier of the Northwest Territories (the Hon. Caroline Cochrane); then attended a Meeting with Chiefs of the Yellowknives Dene First Nation in Dettah.

• **The Prince of Wales** visited Fred Henne Territorial Park, Yellowknife, to mark the Seventy Fifth Anniversary of the Canadian Rangers and visited Rotary Centennial Park, Yellowknife, to discuss the impact of climate change.

• **The Prince of Wales and The Duchess of Cornwall** visited the Prince of Wales Northern Heritage Centre, Yellowknife; and attended a Platinum Jubilee Celebration at the Ceremonial Circle, Yellowknife.

• **The Duchess of Cornwall:** Visited Kaw Tay Whee School, Dettah; and Lynn’s Place Safe Housing Project, Yellowknife.

Working Visits (50 Engagements): 2023:

• **HRH The Duke of Edinburgh (Edward)** April 24; Arrived at Lester B. Pearson International Airport, Toronto and was greeted by the Lieutenant Governor of Ontario (the Hon. Elizabeth Dowdeswell); Attended a Meeting with the Canadian Board of Directors in His role as Patron, The Duke of Edinburgh Award, and a Reception for young people who have achieved the Gold Standard in the Duke of Edinburgh Award.

• HRH The Duke of Edinburgh

April 25; attended an Award in Action Youth Summit at the Toronto-Dominion Conference Centre; Attended an informal Education Summit at the Office of the Lieutenant Governor of Ontario, Queen’s Park; Attended a Meeting with Indigenous Leaders at Massey College; Attended the Infinite Sixtieth Anniversary Gala Dinner at Liberty Grand Entertainment Complex, Toronto.

• HRH The Duke of Edinburgh

April 26; arrived in Vancouver, BC, and was received by the Lieutenant Governor of British Columbia (the Hon. Janet Austin); attended a Lunch in Vancouver as Patron, The Duke of Edinburgh’s International Award Foundation; Visited the Odd Squad Productions Society in Burnaby; Attended a Dinner in Vancouver in his role as Patron, The Duke of Edinburgh’s International Award Foundation.

• HRH The Duke of Edinburgh

April 27; attended an Award in Business Breakfast at the Vancouver Club; Attended an Award Leader Summit at York House School, Vancouver; Attended a Meeting with Local Indigenous Leadership and Youth Representatives at Fairmont Waterfront Hotel; Attended a Reception with British Columbia Local Council Members at Fairmont Pacific Rim Hotel; Attended a Reception for young people who have achieved the Gold Standard in the Duke of Edinburgh Award.

• HRH The Princess Royal (Anne):

May 18; Met with the Lieutenant Governor of New Brunswick, Her Honour Ms. Brenda Murphy, upon arrival in Fredericton; on May 19 visited “J” Division Headquarter of The Royal Canadian Mounted Police, Fredericton, and attended a Reception on the occasion of their One Hundred and Fiftieth Anniversary; Laid a wreath at The Royal Canadian Mounted Police Memorial, Moncton; Attended a



Civic Reception at Moncton City Hall; Visited Vitalité Health

Network’s Veterans’ Health Centre, Moncton; Attended the 175th Anniversary Concert in Moncton of the 8th Canadian Hussars (Princess Louise’s) in Her Role as Colonel-in-Chief.

• HRH The Princess Royal

May 20; attended a briefing with the Honorary and Command teams of the 8th Canadian Hussars (Princess Louise’s) in Her Role as Colonel-in-Chief before attending a Reception; Visited the Moncton Garrison of the 8th Canadian Hussars (Princess Louise’s), in Her Role as Colonel-in-Chief; Attended a Freedom of the City of Moncton Parade at Moncton City Hall; Attended a Reception at the Delta Beauséjour Hotel in Moncton on the occasion of the Canadian Forces Communications and Electronics Branch One Hundred and Twentieth Anniversary in Her Role as Colonel-in-Chief; Was Invested with the Canadian Order of Military Merit by the Lieutenant Governor of New Brunswick, Her Honour Ms. Brenda Murphy, on behalf of the Governor General, at the Delta Beauséjour Hotel; Attended a Reception as Colonel-in-Chief of all Her Royal Highness’s Canadian Army Regiments followed by a Gala Dinner to mark the One Hundred and Seventy Fifth Anniversary of the 8th Canadian Hussars (Princess Louise’s) in Her Role as Colonel-in-Chief.

• **The Princess Royal:** May 21; attended a Service at Trinity Anglican Church, Sussex, NB, to mark the One Hundred and Seventy Fifth Anniversary of the 8th Canadian Hussars (Princess

² Royal Family Website: The Court Circular; <https://www.royal.uk/court-circular>

Louise's) in Her Role as Colonel-in-Chief; Attended a Freedom of the Town of Sussex Parade; Visited the Regimental Museum, the 8th Canadian Hussars (Princess Louise's) in Her Role as Colonel-in-Chief; Visited Sussex (Milton Gregg) Armouries.

• **The Princess Royal:** June 3; Met in Calgary, Alberta with the Lieutenant Governor of Alberta, the Hon. Salma Lakhani, in Her Role as President, The Duke of Edinburgh's Commonwealth Study Conferences; Met Commonwealth Study Conference delegates at Banff Centre for Arts and Creativity, Banff, Alberta; Attended a Dinner for Commonwealth Study Conference delegates at Banff Centre.

• **The Princess Royal:** June 4; Attended the Opening Plenary of the Commonwealth Study Conference at Banff Centre for Arts and Creativity, in Her Role as President, The Duke of Edinburgh's Commonwealth Study Conference.

• **The Duchess of Edinburgh (Sophie):** November 4; Attended the Countess of Wessex Cup between Canadian Armed Service teams with which The Duchess of Edinburgh is connected; Visited Inniskillin Winery, Niagara-on-the-Lake, Ontario; Attended a Luncheon with Command teams and local leaders in the Officers' Mess at Lake Street Armoury, St. Catharines, Ontario; Attended a Gala Dinner at Queen's Landing, Niagara-on-the-Lake in Her Role as Colonel-in-Chief, The Lincoln and Welland Regiment.

• **The Duchess of Edinburgh:** November 5; Attended a Service of Remembrance and laid a wreath at the Cenotaph, St. Catharines, Ontario, accompanied by the Lieutenant Governor of Ontario; Attended a Reception with Soldiers and their families at Lake Street Armoury, St. Catharines, Ontario in Her Role as Colonel-in-Chief, The Lincoln and Welland Regiment, and The South Alberta Light Horse.

• **The Duchess of Edinburgh:** November 6; Visited Toronto Western Hospital in Her Role as Patron, Toronto Western and General Hospital.

• **The Duchess of Edinburgh:** November 7; Met with the Lieutenant Governor of Ontario and the Hon. Edith Dumont (Lieutenant Governor designate of Ontario) at Queen's Park, Toronto; Visited Toronto Rehabilitation Institute, 550 University Ave, Toronto; Attended a Dinner for supporters of the University Health Network Foundation at the Four Seasons Hotel Toronto.

Events in the UK involving Canada (38 Engagements): 2021:

• **Her Majesty the Queen** January 22; held an audience with The Rt. Hon. Justin Trudeau MP, Prime Minister of Canada via telephone.

• **HRH the Duchess of Cornwall** February 15; In her role as Colonel-in-Chief, Queen's Own Rifles of Canada held a Meeting via video link with representatives from the regiment.

• **Her Majesty the Queen** April 16; held an audience with The Rt. Hon. Justin Trudeau MP, Prime Minister of Canada via telephone.

• **HRH the Prince of Wales** April 23; held a Meeting with The President of the Republic of Rwanda and Heads of Government of the following countries via video link: Antigua and Barbuda, the Bahamas, Belize, Canada, Dominica, Grenada, Guyana, Jamaica, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, and Saint Vincent and the Grenadines.

• **HRH the Prince of Wales** May 4; held a Meeting with the Rt. Hon. Justin Trudeau MP, Prime Minister of Canada via telephone.

• **Her Majesty the Queen** May 6; In Her role as Patron, Royal Life Saving Society, received Dr. Stephen Beerman, Honorary Commonwealth Vice President, Royal Life Saving Society, and Past President, Lifesaving Society Canada via video link when Her Majesty presented him with the King Edward VII Cup.

• **Her Majesty the Queen** May 19; received in audience His Excellency the Hon. Ralph Goodale via video link upon his appointment as High Commissioner for Canada.

• **HRH the Princess Royal** June 3; in her role as President, The Duke of Edinburgh's Commonwealth Study Conferences, attended the Commonwealth Study Conference Canada 2023 launch and "virtual dialogue" via video link.

• **Her Majesty the Queen** June 11; held an audience with The Rt. Hon. Justin Trudeau MP, Prime Minister of Canada via video link.

• **HRH the Prince of Wales** June 17; received the High Commissioner for Canada, His Excellency the Hon. Ralph Goodale.

• **HRH The Princess Royal** July 19; Met via video link with the High Commissioner for Canada, His Excellency the Hon. Ralph Goodale.

• **HRH The Princess Royal** July 19; In her role as Colonel-in-Chief, The Royal Canadian Hussars (Montreal), held a Meeting via video link with

Lieutenant Colonel Shaun Funk upon relinquishing his appointment as Commanding Officer and Lieutenant Colonel Malcolm Day upon assuming the appointment.

• **Her Majesty the Queen** July 22; held an audience with Ms. Mary Simon via video link to invest Ms. Simon as an Extraordinary Companion of the Order of Canada (C.C.), an Extraordinary Commander of the Order of Military Merit (C.M.M.) and a Commander of the Order of Merit of the Police Forces (C.O.M.) ahead of her installation as the 30th Governor General of Canada on July 26 2021.

2022:

• **Her Majesty the Queen:** March 7; received in audience The Rt. Hon. Justin Trudeau MP, Prime Minister of Canada) at Windsor Castle.

• **Her Majesty the Queen** March 15; had tea with The Governor-General of Canada and Mr. Whit Fraser.

• **HRH The Prince of Wales:** March 15; received the Governor-General of Canada, Her Excellency the Rt. Hon. Mary Simon and Mr. Whit Fraser.

• **HRH The Prince of Wales (Charles):** March 15; held a Meeting via video link to launch The Prince's Trust Canada Green Jobs and the Future of Work Programme in His Role as President, The Prince's Trust Canada.

• **TRH The Prince of Wales and Duchess of Cornwall (Charles & Camilla):** May 12; attended a Reception at Canada House, Trafalgar Square, London SW1, in advance of Their Royal Highnesses' tour to Canada.

• **HRH The Prince of Wales (Charles)** May 13; held a Meeting with Mr. Perry Bellegarde (former National Chief of the Assembly of First Nations, Canada) via telephone.

• **His Majesty the King** September 14; spoke to The Governor-General of Canada (the Rt. Hon. Mary Simon) via telephone this evening.

• **The Prince and Princess of Wales (William & Catherine)** September 16; visited Army Training Centre Pirbright, Brookwood, Woking, to meet Defence Force personnel from Canada, Australia, and New Zealand.

• **His Majesty the King** September 17; held an audience with the Rt. Hon. Justin Trudeau MP, Prime Minister of Canada.

• **His Majesty the King and the Queen Consort:** September 17; held a luncheon at Buckingham Palace for Governors-General of the Realms.

2023:

• **HRH The Prince of Wales**

(**William**): January 31; spoke via video link to athletes and volunteers participating in the 2023 Arctic Winter Games in Wood Buffalo, Canada.

• **Her Majesty Queen Camilla,** February 1; in Her role as Colonel-in-Chief, The Queen's Own Rifles of Canada, received Ms. Manjit Minhas upon assuming her appointment as Honorary Lieutenant Colonel. Lieutenant Colonel Scott Moody (Commanding Officer) and Chief Warrant Officer Jeff Johnston (Regimental Sergeant Major) were present. Her Majesty was subsequently presented with the Canadian Forces' Decoration.

• **His Majesty the King** February 14; launched Syria House, a temporary community tent in Trafalgar Square, London WC2, supporting those affected by the recent earthquakes in north-west Syria, and was received by His Majesty's Lord-Lieutenant of Greater London (Sir Kenneth Olisa), His Excellency Mr. Ralph Goodale (High Commissioner for Canada), the Mayor of London (the Rt. Hon. Sadiq Khan), Mr. Saleh Saeed (Chief Executive Officer, Disasters Emergency Committee) and Mr. Ayman Asfari (Co-Founder, Asfari Foundation).

• **His Majesty the King** February 21; held an audience with Her Excellency, Mary Simon, Governor General of Canada via telephone.

• **His Majesty the King** April 4; gave a Dinner Party at Windsor Castle; In attendance was His Excellency, The Hon. Ralph Goodale, the High Commissioner for Canada and Mrs. Kendell-Goodale.

• **HRH The Princess Royal** April 27; held a Dinner at St. James's Palace for the Commonwealth Study Conferences Canada's President's Council and the Study Conference 2023 in Her Role as President, The Duke of Edinburgh's Commonwealth Study Conferences.

• **His Majesty the King** April 28; received representatives from the Royal Canadian Mounted Police at Windsor Castle upon His Majesty's appointment as Commissioner-in-Chief and to mark the Institution's One Hundred and Fiftieth Anniversary. The King was received in the Quadrangle with a Royal Salute and Mr. Michael Duheme (Commissioner of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police) presented His Majesty with the Ceremonial Sword and the Royal Canadian Mounted Police Horse, Noble. The High Commissioner for Canada in London (His Excellency the Hon. Ralph Goodale) was also present.

- **His Majesty the King** May 2; had an audience with The Rt. Hon. Justin Trudeau MP, Prime Minister of Canada, via video link.
- **His Majesty the King** May 4; met with The Governor-General of Canada (Her Excellency the Rt. Hon. Mary Simon) and the following Canadian Indigenous Leaders: RoseAnne Archibald (National Chief of the Assembly of First Nations), Mr. Natan Obed (President of the Inuit Tapiriit Kanatami) and Ms. Cassidy Caron (President of the Métis National Council).
- **His Majesty the King** May 5; held a luncheon at Buckingham Palace for all Realm Governor-Generals and Prime Ministers.
- **His Majesty the King** May 5; attended a reception for Common-

- wealth Heads of Government at Marlborough House.
- **His Majesty the King** May 23; met with The High Commissioner for Canada in London (His Excellency the Hon. Ralph Goodale).
- **HRH The Princess Royal (Anne)** June 7; Attended the Canadian Armed Forces Day Reception at the High Commission of Canada in the United Kingdom, Canada House, Trafalgar Square, London SW1.
- **His Majesty the King** June 27; had an audience with the Rt. Hon. Justin Trudeau MP, Prime Minister of Canada, via video link.
- **The Prince of Wales (William):** October 18; this afternoon spoke via video link to fire fighters fighting wildfires across Canada.



2.2 ENGAGEMENTS UNDERTAKEN BY VICE REGALS

In addition to welcoming thousands a year to the two official residences (More than 40,000 people visited Rideau Hall and La Citadelle in 2022-2023³), The Governor General meets with as many Canadians as possible both in person and virtually from all parts of the country and all walks of life, to take part in local events and ceremonies and to discuss various issues that are important to

Canadians. Lieutenant Governors perform a similar role, engaging with people from all corners of their provinces and meeting with people in different communities both in person and virtually as well as hosting events at Government House or the Lieutenant Governor's Office. As with members of the Royal Family, Vice-Regal Office holders have found new ways to

engage with the community since the pandemic.

The table 1 shows an approximate number of engagements, including virtual engagements, undertaken in 2022-2023, based on the best available information.

It is estimated that in 2022-2023 the King's vice-regal representatives in Canada collectively undertook approximately **3,648** engagements.

TABLE 1: Approximate Number of Engagements undertaken by Vice Regal Office holders⁴: 2022-2023:

Governor General of Canada:	480
Lt. Gov. of Newfoundland and Labrador:	158*
Lt. Gov. of Prince Edward Island:	391
Lt. Gov. of Nova Scotia:	329
Lt. Gov. of New Brunswick:	275
Lt. Gov. of Quebec:	289
Lt. Gov. of Ontario:	700
Lt. Gov. of Manitoba:	122**
Lt. Gov. of Saskatchewan:	302
Lt. Gov. of Alberta:	411
Lt. Gov. of British Columbia:	200
Total:	3,648

**This total for Newfoundland and Labrador does not include some virtual or less formal engagements, or other activities such as document signings. **There was a change in Manitoba in Lieutenant Governors on October 24 2022. From April 1 – October 24 2022, then Lieutenant Governor Janice Filmon attended or hosted 77 events. From the time of her installation on October 24 2022, until the end of the fiscal on March 31 2023, Lieutenant Governor Anita R. Neville attended or hosted 45 events.*

3: ROYAL HOMECOMINGS, GOVERNOR GENERAL'S OVERSEAS VISITS, THE CANADIAN DELEGATION TO THE FUNERAL OF HER LATE MAJESTY & THE CORONATION

3.1: ROYAL HOMECOMINGS

As explained above, the Federal government provides support for official Royal Homecomings made at its request.

As previously noted, the last official Royal Homecoming was the 2022 visit by the then TRH the Prince of Wales and the Duchess of Cornwall (Charles and Camilla).

This Royal Homecoming, in

Honour of Her Late Majesty the Queen's Platinum Jubilee, in hindsight marked a pivotal milestone. It would be the last Royal Homecoming to Canada by Senior Members of the Royal Family of Her Late Majesty's Reign and the last of our now King and Queen as Prince of Wales and Duchess of Cornwall. Even before

all of this was known, the visit was a momentous occasion, whilst it could have been a longer stay, it still drew widespread public engagement and highlighted the monarchy's continuing role in Canadian society, as evidenced by the events outlined in Section 2.1.

The section below gives an overview of the federal

government costs associated with the last official Royal Homecomings in 2022.

3.2: OFFICIAL ROYAL HOMECOMINGS EXPENDITURE SUMMARY

Expenditures associated with the Official Royal Homecoming in 2022⁵. **17-19 May 2022:**

RCMP Security Protection (including travel, overtime, and other expenses):	\$578,034
Royal Canadian Air Force (including fuel, landing fees, crew transport, meals, and other expenses):	\$417,000

Department of Canadian Heritage (including planning & site visits):	\$316,469.30
Other Expenses (including ground transport, lodging etc.):	\$688,496.70
Total Government of Canada expenditure:	\$2,000,000.00
Cost approximately.	\$0.05/Canadian

³ Governor General's Annual Report 2022-2023; pg. 5 <https://www.gg.ca/en/the-office/reports/annual-reports/2022-2023-annual-report>
⁴ Activities of the Governor General in Canada and Abroad; <https://www.gg.ca/en/activities>; Provided by the Office of the Lieutenant Governor of Newfoundland and Labrador; Provided by the Office of the Lieutenant Governor of Prince Edward Island; Provided by the Office of the Lieutenant Governor of Nova Scotia & Lieutenant Governor of Nova Scotia Activity Report 2022-2023; Pg. 14 <https://lt.gov.ns.ca/sites/default/files/2022%20-%202023%20Activity%20Report.pdf>;

Provided by the Private Secretary to the Lieutenant Governor of New Brunswick and the Office of Lieutenant Governor of New Brunswick; Provided by the Director of the Office of the Lieutenant Governor of Quebec and The Office of the Lieutenant Governor of Quebec; Provided by the Office of the Lieutenant Governor of Ontario and the Annual Report of the Lieutenant Governor of Ontario 2022-2023; <https://www.ontario.ca/page/published-plans-and-annual-reports-2023-2024-office-lieutenant-governor>; Provided by the Office of the Lieutenant Governor of Manitoba; Provided by the Office of the Lieutenant Governor

of Saskatchewan, Office of the Lieutenant Governor of Saskatchewan Activity Report: <https://ltgov.sk.ca/annual-activity-report>; Provided by the Office of the Lieutenant Governor of Alberta; Provided by the Office of the Lieutenant Governor of British Columbia.
⁵ National Post, 26 March 2023: *Charles and Camilla's two-day 2022 visit cost Canadians \$2 million*; Order Paper Questions No. 1154, 1155, & 1156 asked by Mrs. Julie Vignola, MP for Beauport-Limoilou & Answered by Orders for Returns by Mr. Kevin Lamoureux, Parliamentary Secretary to the Leader of the Government in the House of

Commons, March 20 2023; Open Government Canada ATI Request, Accessed March 6 2024, Request Number A-2022-00078, Request Summary: A detailed Breakdown of the total cost of the May 2022 Royal Visit to Canada; Government Canada ATI Request, Accessed March 6 2024, Request Number A-2022-00092; Request Summary: All expenses incurred in relation to the royal visit from May 17-19 2022, as well as expenses related to the preparation of the visit in the period preceding May 17-19;

3.3: THE GOVERNOR GENERAL'S FOREIGN AND COMMONWEALTH VISITS

At the Request of the Prime Minister, the Governor General travels abroad to represent Canadian interests for a variety of purposes. These include official visits, support of Canada's Armed Forces or attendance at events in which Canada is participating, such as an international sporting event like the Pan Am Games.

When travelling abroad, the expenses of the Governor General are covered by the federal government and are

organized and executed by several government departments including the Department of Global Affairs, the RCMP, the Department of National Defence, Canadian Heritage, The Office of the Governor General and the Privy Council Office.

The list below outlines some of the Highlights of trips abroad undertaken by the Governor General between 2021 and 2023⁶.

2021:

- October 2021: Visit to the Federal Republic of Germany

2022:

- March 2022: met with Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II at Windsor Castle, Windsor, UK.
- March 2022 Visted the United Arab Emirates (UAE), Qatar and Kuwait, from March 17-23, 2022. The visits included stops in Dubai, Sharjah, Doha, and Kuwait City.
- June 2022: Attended the Platinum Jubilee Celebrations

in London, UK

- September 2022: Attended the State Funeral for Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II in London, U.K.
- October 2022: Visted Iceland for the Arctic Circle Assembly

2023:

- February 2023: Visit to the Republic of Finland to mark 75 years of formal bilateral relations.
- May 2023: Attended the Coronation of His Majesty King Charles III in London, U.K.

3.4: CANADIAN DELEGATION TO THE FUNERAL OF HER LATE MAJESTY

As is sadly the case with most additional expenditure associated with the Monarchy in this country, the decision by the Canadian Government to allocate funds to have a delegation attend Her Late Majesty Queen Elizabeth II's funeral was met with criticism of the expense.

However, the decision to do this is rooted in both protocol and sentiment. Not only had Her Late Majesty served with distinction as Canada's Monarch and Head of

State for over 70 years, her influence and dedication to service left an indelible mark on Canada, she was integral to the nation's growth, its sense of identity and our form of government. In fact, as the Senior Commonwealth Realm after the United Kingdom, it would have been unthinkable that Canada wouldn't attend. And had Canada not sent representatives, that too would have been rightly met with criticism and derision.

Put simply, the Government of

Canada's decision to allocate funds to attend the funeral of Her Late Majesty Queen Elizabeth II in September 2022 was justified

on multiple fronts. The decision reflected Canada's deep respect for its monarchy and its late Monarch.

3.4.1: EXPENDITURE SUMMARY CANADIAN DELEGATION TO THE FUNERAL OF HER LATE MAJESTY

Approximate expenditures associated with the Canadian Delegation to the Funeral of Her Late Majesty the Queen in 2022⁷:

Sept. 15-20 2022:

Lodging:

\$356,981.70

Other: (*Air Fare, Meals, and Incidentals*):

\$53,935.17

Total expenditure:

\$410,916.87

Cost approximately. \$0.01/Canadian

3.5: THE CORONATION OF HIS MAJESTY THE KING

It is important to note that the costs associated with the Coronation, including the Canadian delegation's attendance at the Coronation, the Government of Canada's Coronation Gift, production of the Coronation Medal etc. were accrued in the 2023/2024 Fiscal Year, so will **not** be included in this survey but **will** be included in a Future Cost of the Crown. The decision by the Canadian

Government to allocate funds for a delegation to attend the Coronation of His Majesty King Charles III, King of Canada, as well as the costs for other Government celebrations of the Coronation, were also of course met with scrutiny regarding additional expenditure associated with the monarchy. However, His Majesty King Charles III's ascension to the throne marked a significant

moment in Canadian history. It is also a public commitment to our system of governance, showing loyalty to our King. In addition, the costs associated with attending major events like the Coronation are common for any government when it comes to foreign travel or times of significant national celebrations. Just as with any official delegation representing a country abroad, both Monarchy

and Republic, expenses for transport, accommodation, and meals are standard. While some may raise eyebrows at the expenditure, it's a necessary part of national representation on the international stage. Considering the infrequency of events like coronations, and the importance of honouring such occasions, the expenses are part and parcel of governmental responsibilities.

4: THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

The role of the Governor General is to act as the Sovereign's representative in Canada and, in the Monarch's absence, carry out and perform many of the duties of the Crown. The position of the Monarchy is entrenched in the *Constitution Act 1982* and would require unanimous consent by Canada's Parliament and provincial Legislatures to effect any significant changes in that role.

Through the *Letters Patent of 1947*, the office is constituted with the ability to exercise many of the Monarch's powers. However, this does not mean the Governor

General is equal to the Monarch. The Governor General remains the representative of the Monarch, and her powers remain those of the Sovereign. So, the Governor General, on behalf of the Monarch, is able to facilitate the constitutional functioning of the federal government by, *inter alia*, summoning and dissolving Parliament, selecting a Prime Minister, and offering advice to the Government of the day. She also receives diplomats accredited to Canada and receives overseas heads of state and government, and she may also travel abroad

to represent Canadian interests. Through the Honours and Awards System, the Governor General brings attention to the achievements and bravery of Canadians, both civilian and military. All these Honours and Awards are created with the approval of the King, who is the Fount of Honour.

A further important role of the Governor General is to celebrate Canadian identity and Canadian unity both through events held at Rideau Hall and La Citadelle, and through regular travels to a wide variety of events and audiences

throughout Canada.

If the Governor General is unable to perform their duties or the role is vacant for whatever reason, The Administrator of the Government of Canada, usually the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, temporarily performs Vice-Regal duties until the Governor General is able to perform their role or a vacancy has been filled once again.

⁶ Governor General of Canada Activities Page: <https://www.gg.ca/en/activities>; Annual Reports of the Office of the Governor General of Canada: <https://www.gg.ca/en/the-office/reports/annual-reports>

⁷ Globe and Mail, March 23 2023, *Trudeau Stayed in*

\$6,000 London Hotel Suite for Queen Elizabeth II's Funeral; Toronto Sun, October 24 2022, *Canada's delegation to Queen's funeral spent almost \$400,000 for hotel rooms alone*; Open Government Canada ATI Request, Accessed March 6 2024, Request Number A-2022-00390; Request

Summary: Obtain a copy of any document showing all expenses made at the funeral of Queen Elizabeth II in London, England between September 16 2022 and September 25 2022; Open Government Canada ATI Request, Accessed March 27 2024, Request Number A-2022-00301; Request Summary: Provide

copies of documents showing all costs associated with the Prime Minister and the Canadian Delegation's trip to the United Kingdom in September 2022 for the funeral of the Queen, including travel, hotels, hospitality etc.

4.1: OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

The Office of the Governor General is provided with annual funding that is voted by Parliament in order to allow them to perform their role as The King's representative. In 2022-2023, the Governor General's Office was granted **\$26,077,283** as an overall operating budget. However, of this overall operating budget available for use, a total of **\$25,240,010**⁸ was actually used.

This funding provides for the approximately **181** employees who make up the Office of the Secretary to the Governor General and supports the Governor General in her role⁹. A significant component of the costs is associated with the Honours Programme.

In addition to the annual funding provided directly to the Office of the Governor General, there are six federal government departments and agencies that

also support the activities of Governor General.

They are:

- The National Capital Commission (NCC) (Provided **\$8,408,565** in 2022-2023).
- The Royal Canadian Mounted Police (RCMP) (Provided **\$10,520,113** in 2022-2023).
- The Department of National Defence (DND) (Provided **\$3,462,984** in 2022-2023).
- Public Services and Procurement Canada (PSPC) (Provided **\$2,225,201** in 2022-2023).
- Global Affairs Canada (GAC) (Provided **\$801,653** in 2022-2023); and
- The Department of Canadian Heritage (PCH) (Provided **\$35,719** in 2022-2023)

The total funds allocated by these organisations to support the Governor General amounted to **\$25,454,235**¹⁰ in 2022-2023.

4.1.1: 2022-2023 EXPENDITURES OF THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Total Available for Use:

Program expenditures:	\$22,356,923
Contributions to employee benefit plans:	\$2,384,029
Salary of the Governor General:	\$344,475
Annuities payable under the <i>Governor General's Act</i> :	\$956,251
Spending of proceeds from the disposal of surplus Crown assets:	\$35,605
TOTAL ¹¹ :	\$26,077,283

Total Used:

Program expenditures:	\$21,519,650.
Contributions to employee benefit plans:	\$2,384,029
Salary of the Governor General:	\$344,475
Annuities payable under the <i>Governor General's Act</i> :	\$956,251
Spending of proceeds from the disposal of surplus Crown assets:	\$35,605
TOTAL ¹² :	\$25,240,010

The used budget for the governor general can also be broken down as follows: (Numbers, in Millions, have been rounded)

Governor General Support:	\$13.5M
Internal Services:	\$8.004M
Statutory Expenditures:	\$3.72M
Total ¹³ :	\$25.24M

4.1.2: PREVIOUS EXPENDITURES OF THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

2020-2021:

Total Used:

(Numbers, in Millions have been rounded)

Governor General Support:	\$12.26M
Internal Services:	\$9.03M
Statutory (non-discretionary) Expenditures:	\$3.37M
Total ¹⁴ :	\$24.67M

2021-2022:

Total Used:

(Numbers, in Millions have been rounded)

Governor General Support:	\$11.797M
Internal Services:	\$8.7M
Statutory (non-discretionary) Expenditures:	\$3.27M
Total ¹⁵ :	\$23.85M



4.2: FEDERAL GOVERNMENT AGENCIES SUPPORTING THE WORK OF THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

4.2.1: NATIONAL CAPITAL COMMISSION (RIDEAU HALL)

Rideau Hall is His Majesty's official residence in Canada. Since Confederation Rideau Hall has served as the official residence and office of the Governor General. The main building consists of 175 rooms and sits on 79 acres along Sussex Drive in Ottawa. The grounds contain 20 other historic buildings, including Rideau Cottage, which since 2015 has housed the Prime Minister and his family due to ongoing need for renovations of 24 Sussex Drive.

Rideau Hall is the location of official ceremonies, state events and official dinners. Canadians are honoured for their achievements here, foreign envoys received and visitors, including foreign heads of state, are welcomed.

Usually, tours of the residence and grounds are offered the public year-round, and parts of the grounds are frequently made available for public use.

Since 1986 the grounds and buildings have been all been maintained by the National Capital Commission (NCC), a Crown corporation that maintains lands and buildings in the National Capital Region on behalf of the federal government.

4.2.2: ROYAL CANADIAN MOUNTED POLICE

The Royal Canadian Mounted Police provides overall security of the Monarch and senior members of the Royal Family when they are in Canada. They are also responsible for the security for the Governor General.

8 Government of Canada 2022-2023 Public Accounts Part II; Section 20, Pg. 405;

<https://www.tpsgc-pwgsc.gc.ca/recgen/cpc-pac/2023/pdf/2023-vol2-eng.pdf>; Governor General's Annual Report 2022-2023, Pg. 18; <https://www.gg.ca/en/the-office/reports/annual-reports/2022-2023-annual-report>;

9 Government of Canada Electronic Directory Services (GEDS); Office of the Secretary of the Governor General; <https://geds-sage.gc.ca/en/GEDS?pgid=014&dn=TIU9T1NHRy1CU0dHLE89R0MsQz1DQQ==>;

10 Governor General's Annual Report 2022-2023; pg. 19 <https://www.gg.ca/en/the-office/reports/annual-reports/2022-2023-annual-report>

11 Government of Canada 2022-2023 Public Accounts Part II; Section 20, Pg. 405;

<https://www.tpsgc-pwgsc.gc.ca/recgen/cpc-pac/2023/pdf/2023-vol2-eng.pdf>

12 Government of Canada 2022-2023 Public Accounts Part II; Section 20, Pg. 405; <https://www.tpsgc-pwgsc.gc.ca/recgen/cpc-pac/2023/pdf/2023-vol2-eng.pdf>

13 Governor General's Annual Report 2022-2023; Pg. 18; <https://www.gg.ca/en/the-office/reports/annual-reports/2022-2023-annual-report>

14 Governor General's Annual Report 2020-2021 Pg. 3; https://www.gg.ca/sites/default/files/media/the_office/AR_RA/2020-21-osgg-annualreport.pdf

15 Governor General's Annual Report 2021-2022 Pg. 16; https://www.gg.ca/sites/default/files/media/the_office/AR_RA/2021-22-osgg-annualreport.pdf

4.3: DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL DEFENCE

The Department of National Defence provides support and secure transportation for the Governor General both inside and outside Canada throughout the year. National Defence also provides the Governor

General's Aides de Camp, a role filled by junior officers in the Armed Forces, and guards of honour at ceremonial and state functions.

4.4: PUBLIC SERVICES AND PROCUREMENT CANADA (LA CITADELLE)

Constructed between 1820 and 1832, La Citadelle sits on 37 acres in the heart of the Old Capital, Quebec City, and consists of several buildings. It remains an active military garrison and has been the official base of operations for the Royal 22^e Régiment since 1920. It is also an

official residence of the Monarch: since 1872, every Governor General has spent at least two weeks a year in residence.

The expenses incurred in maintaining and running La Citadelle are covered by the budget of Public Services and Procurement Canada.

4.5: GLOBAL AFFAIRS CANADA

When the Governor General travels abroad at the request of the Prime Minister, the expenses are borne by Global Affairs Canada, which also assists in briefing Her Excellency on Canadian foreign policy for these

visits, as it does when the Governor General receives foreign heads of state and government and diplomatic envoys.

4.6: THE DEPARTMENT OF CANADIAN HERITAGE

The Department of Canadian Heritage oversees many matters related to the Monarchy in Canada, such as the organization of Royal Homecomings, the installation of new Governors General and the funerals of former Governors General. It has also in the past provided

educational materials related to the Monarchy. Because many of the Department's responsibilities vis à vis the Crown vary significantly from year to year, the related expense for the Department also varies from one year to the next.

4.7: EXPENDITURE SUMMARY FOR THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

2022-2023:

Office of the Governor General:	\$25,240,010
Other Government Departments (NCC (Rideau Hall); Public Services and Procurement Canada (La Citadelle); RCMP; Department of National Defence; Global Affairs Canada; and Canadian Heritage):	\$25,454,235
Total:	\$50,694,245
Cost per Canadian resident	\$1.26

PREVIOUS YEAR EXPENDITURES IN SUPPORT OF THE GOVERNOR GENERAL:

2021-2022:

Office of the Governor General:	\$23,853,829
Other Government Departments (NCC (Rideau Hall); Public Services and Procurement Canada (La Citadelle); RCMP; Department of National Defence; Global Affairs Canada; and Canadian Heritage):	\$20,906,998
Total:	\$44,760,827



5: CANADIAN SECRETARY TO THE KING

When such an appointment is in post, The Canadian Secretary to the Queen is the main coordinator between the Monarch and the Canadian Government, as well as the provinces and other interested parties in respect of the planning of Royal Homecomings to Canada. The Canadian Secretary to the Queen also oversees speech writing and correspondence for the Monarch in a Canadian context. In the past this office has also supported the Advisory Committee on Vice-Regal Appointments.

The Canadian Secretary to the Queen's role was demoted in 2015. Kevin MacLeod was no longer to report to the Privy Council Office (PCO) or to the Prime Minister, and instead fell under the jurisdiction of the Minister of Canadian Heritage. Following the retirement of MacLeod in 2017, the position of Canadian Secretary to the Queen remained vacant until November 2019, when the Prime Minister appointed Donald Booth as the new Canadian Secretary to the Queen. The announcement

also meant that the role would again fall under the jurisdiction of the PCO as Booth, a career civil servant continued as Director of Strategic Policy in the Machinery of Government branch of the PCO – a good fit as the Machinery of Government branch's role is to support the Prime Minister and the Clerk of the Privy Council on the structure and functioning of the government as a whole as well as assisting with interpretations of Westminster conventions and issues related to

the relationship between the Prime Minister and the Monarch.

As the Office of the Canadian Secretary to the Queen is no longer a separate and independent office its budget is not broken down in Public Accounts and is considered part of the overall Privy Council Office expenditure. In addition, the Salary for the Canadian Secretary for the Queen is not divided as Mr. Booth continues concurrently his role as a Director of Strategic Policy within the PCO.

6: THE LIEUTENANT GOVERNORS

The Lieutenant Governors perform on the provincial level much the same role as the Governor General on a national level. Appointed by the Governor General in Council they serve as His Majesty's representatives in each province.

They hold the powers of the Crown provincially and therefore can summon and dissolve the provincial legislatures, select premiers, create, and award provincial honours, and work to promote pride in their individual provinces through ceremonial events and community visits.

Each Lieutenant Governor receives funding from both the federal and the relevant provincial governments. The federal government funding covers salary and general expenses of the office of the Lieutenant Governor, while the provincial government is responsible for office budgets and other expenditures. However, there is no uniformity to this type of funding across the provinces, which often charge vice-regal expenses to multiple provincial ministries, in which costs may not be apparent in line items.

As well, greater expenses may

be incurred by some provinces where an historic Government House must be maintained, often as both a heritage building and as offices and/or accommodation for the Lieutenant Governor, as well as for a variety of non-vice-regal functions. The widely varying geographical size and population of each province also affects each Lieutenant Governor's budget, as for example significant expenses to travel to more remote or difficult to access locations such as the Newfoundland & Labrador coastal communities, and necessary capital expenditures on an historic

Government House when a province has a relatively small population. These differences, outside vice-regal control, must be taken into account when looking at the costs associated with the Lieutenant Governors. Regardless of the unique circumstances prevailing in each province, the Lieutenant Governors are as one in their loyalty to the Canadian Crown, and in their public service mirroring that of the Sovereign each represents.

6.1: FEDERAL SUPPORT FOR THE LIEUTENANT GOVERNORS

The federal government covers basic funding of the Lieutenant Governors, including salaries.

The 2022-2023 Accounts show that the Federal Government spent

\$2,535,030 to pay the salaries and some expenses of the Lieutenant Governors.

Salaries comprise the largest part of these grants, each

Lieutenant Governor receiving **\$169,895**. The remainder is allocated to the Lieutenant Governors for the purpose of “defraying the costs incurred

in the exercise of their duties,” including Travel, Hospitality and Operational and Administrative expenses.

TABLE: Federal Expenditures for the Lieutenant Governors 2022-2023¹⁶

	LG's Salary:	Expenses in the exercise of official duties:	Total
Quebec	\$169,895	\$147,372	\$317,267
Ontario	\$169,895	\$105,627	\$275,522
British Columbia	\$169,895	\$97,814	\$267,709
Newfoundland and Labrador	\$169,895	\$77,590	\$247,485
Alberta	\$169,895	\$75,940	\$245,835
Manitoba	\$169,895	\$73,762	\$243,657
Saskatchewan	\$169,895	\$73,758	\$243,653
Nova Scotia	\$169,895	\$64,199	\$234,094
New Brunswick	\$169,895	\$62,947	\$232,842
Prince Edward Island	\$169,895	\$57,071	\$226,966
TOTAL:			\$2,535,030

TABLE: Federal Expenditures for the Lieutenant Governors in previous recent years¹⁷:

As can be seen below, support for the Lieutenant Governors from the Federal Government has been increasing slowly over the past number of years consistent with inflation.

2020-2021:	\$2,382,482
2021-2022:	\$2,452,081
2022-2023:	\$2,535,030

6.2: PROVINCIAL SUPPORT FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNORS

The greatest financial support for the Lieutenant Governors is provided by their respective provincial governments. As mentioned above, there is no uniformity to the provision and reporting. The government

department/s that support/s the Lieutenant Governor varies from province to province; in some cases, expenditures are charged to various departments as opposed to the Lieutenant Governor's Office directly.

The table below attempts to create as clear a picture as possible of Lieutenant Governor's expenditures across the country based on the best information available.

The most recent Public

Accounts readily accessible for all provinces are for the 2022-2023 fiscal year.

From those accounts, when available, the following expenditures and their breakdowns are drawn:

Newfoundland & Labrador

Salaries	\$695,400
Transportation and Communications	\$15,700
Supplies	\$22,900
Purchased Services	\$9,500
Property, Furnishings and Equipment	\$2,000
Total	\$745,500¹⁸

Prince Edward Island

Administration	\$18,273
Materials, Supplies & Services	\$169,505
Professional & Contract Services	\$366
Salaries	\$338,307
Travel & Training	\$155,000
Total	\$526,606¹⁹

Nova Scotia

Salaries & Benefits:	722,551
Supplies & Services:	327,688
Other:	20,976
Recoverable from other Departments:	(11,359)
Total	\$1,059,857²⁰

New Brunswick

Personal Services	\$415,200
Other Services	\$50,100
Materials and Supplies	\$3,400
Property and Equipment	\$4,100
Contributions, Grants and Subsidies	\$26,800
Total	\$499,614²¹

Quebec

Total	\$777,700²²
--------------	-------------------------------

Ontario

Salaries and wages	\$1,353,300
Employee benefits	\$161,626
Transportation and communication	\$35,819
Services	\$151,420
Supplies and equipment	\$70,156
Other transactions/Discretionary Allowance	\$155,800
Total	\$1,928,121²³

Manitoba

Salaries and Other Benefits	\$323,000
Office – Other Expenses	\$126,000
Total	\$449,000²⁴

Saskatchewan

Salaries and Benefits	\$551,000
Goods and Services	\$253,000
Total	\$804,000²⁵

Alberta

Total	\$614,000²⁶
--------------	-------------------------------

British Columbia

Total	\$1,600,000
--------------	--------------------

(This represents primarily salaries for staff and support of the residence but does not include full support for representational duties of the Office or the full maintenance and repair budget for the grounds and building).²⁷

¹⁶ Government of Canada 2022-2023 Public Accounts Part II; Section 3 Pgs. 142 & 152: <https://www.tpsgc-pwgsc.gc.ca/recgen/cpc-pac/2023/pdf/2023-vol2-eng.pdf>

¹⁷ Government of Canada 2020-2021 Public Accounts Part II; Section 3 Pgs. 147 & 159: https://epe.lac-bac.gc.ca/100/201/301/public_accounts_can/html/2021/recgen/cpc-pac/2021/pdf/2021-vol2-eng.pdf; Government of Canada 2021-2022 Public Accounts Part II; Section 3 Pgs. 147 & 156: <https://www.tpsgc-pwgsc.gc.ca/recgen/cpc-pac/2022/pdf/2022-vol2-eng.pdf>; Government of Canada 2022-2023 Public Accounts Part II; Section 3 Pgs. 142 & 152: <https://www.tpsgc-pwgsc.gc.ca/recgen/cpc-pac/2023/pdf/2023-vol2-eng.pdf>

¹⁸ Provided by the Office of the Lieutenant Governor of Newfoundland and Labrador; Additional information from the *Government of Newfoundland and Labrador Budget 2024 Estimates*; Pg. 27: <https://www.gov.nl.ca/budget/2024/vrp-content/uploads/sites/8/2024/03/Estimates-2024.pdf>

¹⁹ Provided by the Office of the Lieutenant Governor of Prince Edward Island

²⁰ Provided by the Office of Lieutenant Governor of Nova Scotia; & Additional Information from the *Annual Report of the Lieutenant Governor of Nova Scotia Activity Report 2022-2023*; Pg. 22 <https://lt.gov.ns.ca/sites/default/files/2022%20-%202023%20Activity%20Report.pdf>

²¹ Provided by the Office of the Lieutenant Governor of New Brunswick & The Government of New

Brunswick Public Accounts Vol. 2 Pg. 72: <https://www2.gnb.ca/content/dam/gnb/Departments/tb-ct/pdf/OC/2023-public-accounts-vol-2-comptes-publics-vol-2.pdf>

²² Provided by the Office of the Lieutenant Governor of Quebec.

²³ Provided by the Office of the Lieutenant Governor of Ontario & The Annual Report of the Lieutenant Governor of Ontario 2022-2023: <https://www.ontario.ca/page/published-plans-and-annual-reports-2023-2024-office-lieutenant-governor>

²⁴ Provided by the Office of the Lieutenant Governor of Manitoba

²⁵ Provided by The Office of the Lieutenant Governor of Saskatchewan & Government of Saskatchewan Public Accounts Volume II Page 90: https://www.saskatchewan.ca/-/media/news-release-backgrounders/2023/oct/2022-23-volume-2_final.pdf

²⁶ Provided by the Office of the Lieutenant Governor of Alberta

²⁷ Provided by the Office of the Lieutenant Governor of British Columbia

²⁸ Household information based on information provided by Lieutenant Governor's Office's, Annual Reports and Provincial Government Directories.

TABLE: Lieutenant Governor's Household Summary²⁸

Province	Official Residence	# of Rooms	Staff (Res/Off)	Office at Legislature	Cars
Newfoundland & Labrador	Yes	19	10	No	2
Prince Edward Island	Yes	19	5	No	1
Nova Scotia	Yes	32	9.5*	No	1
New Brunswick	Yes	16	5	No	1
Quebec**	No	n/a	8	No	2
Ontario	No	n/a	12.6	Yes	2
Manitoba	Yes	23	4	Yes	1
Saskatchewan***	Yes	7	5	No	2
Alberta****	Yes	8	5	Yes	1
British Columbia*****	Yes	102	19	No	2

*In this context, ".5" indicates a part time staffer; **The Lieutenant Governor of Quebec has had no official residence since 1997, nor is there an office in the Assemblée nationale du Québec. However, there are offices located near the Assemblée on Rue des Parlementaires for the Lieutenant Governor's use. ***The Lieutenant Governor of Saskatchewan's Official residence is a two-bedroom bungalow. And while the Office of the Lieutenant Governor operates out of Government House, the majority of the building is a museum and public facility and houses provincial government staff and a volunteer group who manage the property and facilitate programming. ****While there is no official residence for the Lieutenant Governor of Alberta, there is still an active Government House, a National Historic Site overseen by the Government of Alberta which still hosts a wide variety of Royal, vice regal, government, and state functions, as well as public events. *****Government House, Victoria, does not only furnish offices and accommodation for the Lieutenant Governor, but is used by the Government of the Province for its own needs: conferences, entertainment and similar. Nor do the expenditure figures include the full maintenance and repair budget for the grounds and building held by Shared Services BC as part of grouped building maintenance contracts.

6.3: PROVINCIAL EXPENDITURE IN SUPPORT OF LIEUTENANT GOVERNORS SUMMARY

Newfoundland & Labrador:	\$745,500	foundland & Labrador served the province's population of 538,605 at a cost of \$1.38 per person.	population of 834,691 at a cost of \$0.60 cents per person.	of \$0.31 per person.
Prince Edward Island:	\$526,606	• The Lieutenant Governor of Prince Edward Island served the province's population of 173,787 at a cost of \$3.03 per person.	• The Lieutenant Governor of Quebec served the province's population of 8,874,683 at a cost of \$0.09 cents per person.	• The Lieutenant Governor of Saskatchewan served the province's population of 1,209,107 at a cost of \$0.66 per person.
Nova Scotia:	\$1,059,857	• The Lieutenant Governor of Nova Scotia served the province's population of 1,058,694 at a cost of \$1.00 per person.	• The Lieutenant Governor of Ontario served the province's population of 15,608,369 at a cost of \$0.12 cents per person.	• The Lieutenant Governor of Alberta served the province's population of 4,695,290 at a cost of \$0.14 per person.
New Brunswick:	\$499,614	• The Lieutenant Governor of New Brunswick served the province's	• The Lieutenant Governor of Manitoba served the province's population of 1,454,902 at a cost	• The Lieutenant Governor of British Columbia served the province's population of 5,519,013 at a cost of \$0.30 per person. ²⁹
Quebec:	\$770,700			
Ontario:	\$1,928,121			
Manitoba:	\$449,000			
Saskatchewan:	\$803,779			
Alberta:	\$614,000			
British Columbia:	\$1,600,000			
TOTAL:	\$8,997,177			

6.4: SUMMARY OF LIEUTENANT GOVERNORS' EXPENSES

Federal Assistance	\$2,535,030
Provincial Assistance	\$8,997,177
Total:	\$11,532,207

Canadian Population (July 2023):	40,097,761
Approximate per capita cost of the Lieutenant Governors	\$0.29

Lieutenant Governors' Offices served Canada's July 2023 population of 40,097,761 at an overall estimated cost of \$0.29 cents per person.³⁰

Again, it is worth noting when reviewing these numbers that some factors need to be taken into account. Maintaining historic Government Houses, as both heritage sites and official spaces for the Lieutenant Governor, can lead to increased expenses for those provinces that have them. Factors like geographical size and population differences also affect budgets, with remote locations and smaller populations incurring higher costs. Despite these variations, Lieutenant Governors and their staff across the country remain united in their loyalty to the Canadian Crown and their dedication to public service, reflecting the Sovereign they represent.

7: COMMISSIONERS OF THE CANADIAN TERRITORIES

It is important to note that while the Commissioners of the Territories perform similar duties to those of a Lieutenant Governor, they are in

fact representatives of the Canadian Government, not of His Majesty. As they do not fall under the category of being Vice-Regal

office holders, and they do not oversee sovereign governments, they are **not** considered a part of the overall cost of the Crown in

Canada for the purposes of this report. This is not to take away from their hard work and commitment throughout the year.

SUMMARY

This survey provides a broad picture of the costs associated with the Canadian Crown. However, many differences among provinces such as population, geographic size and the existence of a Government House mean that some vice-regal offices incur significantly greater expenses than others. Nor is there any uniformity in the 11 Vice-Regal establishments as to how expenditures are allocated, and to which departments of provincial governments they are charged. The Offices of the Governor General and Lieutenant Governors were provided with a draft of this Survey and provided with the opportunity to give comment or corrections to information in relation to their respective offices. As always, the League is grateful to the important contribution and helpful responses of Rideau Hall

and to the Offices of many Lieutenant Governors across the country in ensuring that the Survey conveys accurate information about its many-faceted operations. Financial figures used throughout this Survey are from 2022-2023, the most recent and complete fiscal year available.

The object of this Report remains to provide in one document a broadly accurate accounting of the costs associated with the Canadian Crown, the underlying principle of constitutional government in this nation. It combines the best available figures to find the total cost of maintaining the Crown in Canada.

TABLE: Overall Spending on the Canadian Crown 2022-2023:

Approximate Expenditures associated with the last Royal Homecoming in May 2022:	\$2,000,000
Approximate Expenditures for the Canadian Delegation to attend the funeral of Her Late Majesty the Queen in London in September 2022:	\$410,916.87
Office of the Governor General:	\$25,240,010
Other Government Departments in support of the Governor General: NCC (Rideau Hall); Public Services and Procurement Canada (La Citadelle); RCMP; Department of National Defence; Global Affairs Canada; and Canadian Heritage:	\$25,454,235
Federal Expenses for the Lieutenant Governors:	\$2,535,030
Provincial Expenses for the Lieutenant Governors:	\$8,997,177
Total:	\$64,637,368.90
Canadian Population (July 2023):	40,097,761
Cost per Canadian:	\$1.61

Canada's Crown served the nation's July 2023 population of **40,097,761** at an estimated annual cost of **\$64,637,368.90** or **\$1.61** per person.

The previous edition of this survey concluded that the cost of the Canadian Crown in fiscal year 2019-2020 was **\$62,438,557** or **\$1.68** per Canadian.

This reveals that whilst the overall estimated expenditure **increased by \$2,198,811.90** since the last Cost of the Crown, mostly due to inflation and major events such as the Royal Homecoming in 2022 and Canadian attendance at the Funeral of Her Late Majesty Queen Elizabeth II, the actual cost per Canadian **decreased by \$0.07** due to an increase in the overall population of Canada.

²⁹ Population numbers are as of July 1 2023 and are from Statistics Canada Table: 17-10-0009-01- Population Estimates, quarterly of population, Canada, provinces and territories: <https://www150.statcan.gc.ca/t1/tbl1/en/tv.action?pid=1710000901>

³⁰ Population numbers are as of July 1 2023 and are from Statistics Canada Table: 17-10-0009-01- Population Estimates, quarterly of population, Canada, provinces and territories: <https://www150.statcan.gc.ca/t1/tbl1/en/tv.action?pid=1710000901>

8. COMPARISONS

It is interesting to compare the cost of the Canadian Crown to those of supporting other national government institutions in this country. It is also of some significance to show costs incurred by the UK, as well as the expenditures of several foreign constitutional monarchies and heads of state of republics.

8.1.1: NATIONAL COMPARISONS

The House of Commons: The federal government's 2022-2023 Accounts show that the House of Commons was allocated **\$573,470,389 or \$14.30 per Canadian**³¹

The Senate: The federal government's 2022-2023 Accounts show that the Senate was allocated **\$118,565,467 or \$2.96 per Canadian**³²

Library of Parliament: The federal government's 2022-2023 Accounts show that the Library of Parliament was provided **\$55,319,890 or \$1.38 per Canadian**³³

Canadian Broadcasting Corporation: The federal government's 2022-2023 Accounts show that the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation was given **\$1,287,296,942 or \$32.10 per Canadian**³⁴

National Gallery of Canada: The federal government's 2022-2023 Accounts show that the National Gallery of Canada was allocated **\$50,373,308 or \$1.26 per Canadian**³⁵

National Battlefields Commission: The federal government's 2022-2023 Accounts show that National Battlefields Commission received was **\$16,425,301 or \$0.41 per Canadian**³⁶

8.1.2: UK MONARCHY COMPARISON

In the United Kingdom, the 2022-2023 total Sovereign Grant was approximately **£86.3 million (\$149M)** (Core £51.8 million and maintenance of £34.5 million). or **\$2.22 per UK resident**.³⁷

From April 1 2012 the funding provided to support the official duties of The Sovereign in the United Kingdom and maintain the Occupied Royal Palaces has been provided under one grant, the Sovereign Grant. The Sovereign Grant Act 2011 replaced the provisions of the Civil List and the Grants-in-aid for the Maintenance of the Occupied Royal Palaces, Royal Travel and Communications and Information. The official expenditure of the Sovereign is met from public funds in exchange for the surrender by The Sovereign of the revenue from the Crown Estate. His Majesty King

Charles III, following His Majesty's Accession on September 8 2022, confirmed his willingness and intention to continue this tradition.

The Core Sovereign Grant up until March 31 2023 has been calculated based on 15% of the income account net surplus of the Crown Estate for the financial year two years previous, subject to the provision that the Sovereign Grant does not decrease year on year. The Crown Estate surplus for the financial year 2019-20 amounted to £345.0 million, thereby producing a Core Sovereign Grant of £51.8 million for 2022-2023, unchanged from the prior year.

The Royal Trustees agreed that from 2017-18, the Sovereign Grant would include an additional 10% (total 25%) of the income account net surplus of the Crown Estate

for the financial year two years previous, with the additional 10% to be used to fund the repair and maintenance work needed for Buckingham Palace, including new plumbing, wiring, boilers and radiators as well as the installation of solar panels on the roof, over a period of ten years. The additional Sovereign Grant for Reservicing for 2022-23 was £34.5 million and the total Sovereign Grant for 2022-23 was therefore £86.3 million.

The total Sovereign Grant for 2023-24 is unchanged at £86.3 million (Core £51.8 million and maintenance of £34.5 million).

The Monarch in fact returned **£258.7million (\$446.7million)** to the Treasury or **\$6.67 per UK resident**, from the revenue surplus of the Crown Estate.

8.1.3: OVERSEAS MONARCHIES COMPARISONS

Costs associated with the Monarchy of Norway were estimated to be approximately **Kr443,856,572** or approximately **\$57.2 million** in 2023 or **\$10.48**

per person³⁸; The costs associated with the Danish Monarchy in 2022-2023 were approximately **Kr93.4M** or approximately **\$18.5M** or **\$3.13 per person**³⁹; The cost of

the Imperial Family and Household of Japan for 2023 was approximately **¥6.704B**, or approximately **\$61.4M** or **\$0.49 per person**.⁴⁰

8.1.4: FOREIGN REPUBLIC COMPARISONS

The cost of the President's Establishment of the Taoiseach of Ireland in 2023 was approximately **€246M (\$362.8M)** or approximately **€47.98 (\$70.76)** per Irish

Resident.⁴¹

The 2023 cost to operate the Executive Office of the President of the United States of America, including the operation of the

White House, was approximately **\$878M (\$1.185B)**; or approximately **\$2.63 (\$3.55)** per United States resident.⁴²

31 Government of Canada 2023 Public Accounts Vol. II Section 21 Pg. 418: <https://www.tpsgc-pwgsc.gc.ca/recgen/cpc-pac/2023/pdf/2023-vol-2-eng.pdf>

32 Government of Canada 2023 Public Accounts Vol. II Section 21 Pg. 419: <https://www.tpsgc-pwgsc.gc.ca/recgen/cpc-pac/2023/pdf/2023-vol-2-eng.pdf>

33 Government of Canada 2023 Public Accounts Vol. II Section 21 Pg. 418: <https://www.tpsgc-pwgsc.gc.ca/recgen/cpc-pac/2023/pdf/2023-vol-2-eng.pdf>

34 Government of Canada 2023 Public Accounts Vol. II Section 03 Pg. 143: <https://www.tpsgc-pwgsc.gc.ca/recgen/cpc-pac/2023/pdf/2023-vol-2-eng.pdf>

35 Government of Canada 2023 Public Accounts Vol. II Section 03 Pg. 145: <https://www.tpsgc-pwgsc.gc.ca/recgen/cpc-pac/2023/pdf/2023-vol-2-eng.pdf>

36 Government of Canada 2023 Public Accounts

Vol. II Section 03 Pg. 146: <https://www.tpsgc-pwgsc.gc.ca/recgen/cpc-pac/2023/pdf/2023-vol-2-eng.pdf>

37 UK Sovereign Grant 2022-2023: <https://www.royal.uk/media-pack/financial-reports-2022-23>; UK Population; World Bank Population: <https://data.worldbank.org/country/united-kingdom>

38 The Royal House of Norway Annual Report 2022-2023, Pg. 86: <https://www.kongehuset.no/binfile/download2.php?tid=218431>; Population of Norway; World Bank Population: <https://data.worldbank.org/indicator/SP.POP.TOTL?locations=NO>

39 The Royal Danish Court Annual Report 2022-2023, Extracts from the Annual Report: The Civil List: <https://www.kongehuset.dk/media/n0ipreje/the-royal-house-of-denmark-annual-report-2022.pdf>; Population of Denmark; World Bank Population, <https://data.worldbank.org/indicator/SP.POP.TOTL?locations=DK>;

40 Finances of the Imperial House: <https://www.kunaicho.go.jp/e-about/seido/seido08.html> Population of Japan; World Bank Population: <https://data.worldbank.org/indicator/SP.POP.TOTL?locations=JP>

41 Government of Ireland Expenditure Report Part II: Expenditure Allocations 2022-2023, Page 3: <https://www.gov.ie/pdf/?file=https://assets.gov.ie/235823/8ce8d2ba-f9f5-4b20-96c5-3383d484ba57.pdf#page=null> Population of Ireland Source: World Bank Population: <https://data.worldbank.org/indicator/SP.POP.TOTL?locations=IE>

42 Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2023: Expenditures of the Executive Office of the President, Page 15: <https://appropriations.house.gov/sites/democrats.appropriations.house.gov/files/FY23%20Summary%20of%20Appropriations%20Provisions.pdf> Population of United States: World Bank Population: <https://data.worldbank.org/country/united-states>

THE MONARCHIST LEAGUE OF CANADA

promotes rational loyalty to the Maple Crown. We share with Canadians news and views of our Royal Family and of The King's representatives – the Governor General and Lieutenant Governors. Our website at monarchist.ca contains abundant material about the Crown and League's work, as well as a store which allows you to join or purchase royal items. (800-465-6925)

LA LIGUE MONARCHISTE DU CANADA

promote une loyauté rationnelle envers la Couronne d'érable. Nous partageons avec les Canadiens les nouvelles et les points de vue de notre famille royale et des représentants du roi – la gouverneure générale et les lieutenant-gouverneurs. Notre bilingue site Web, monarchist.ca/fr, contient une abondante documentation sur la Couronne et les activités de la Ligue, ainsi qu'une boutique qui vous permet d'adhérer ou d'acheter des articles royaux. (800-465-6925)